

Why Tile Roofs are Better

... and how do I get one?



Which roofing material would you rather have protecting your home?

The truth is out – Asphalt shingles don't last! Whether it's from a hail storm or simply old age, asphalt shingles rarely last for more than twenty years.

So, when it becomes time to reroof, why wouldn't you choose roof tile? Here's why you should:

- Superior aesthetics more styles, textures and colors.
- Lifetime warranty tiles are warrantied for the life of the building.
- Fireproof Class A fire rating (the highest achievable).
- Hail impact resistance of Class 3 and Class 4 reduces homeowner insurance rates.
- Lowest life-cycle cost despite a higher initial cost, a concrete tile will outlast two to three
 asphalt shingle roofs. Since the cost of roofing continues to escalate, the initial investment
 more than pays for itself in the long term or when selling the property.
- Energy efficient can reduce heat gain through the roof by up to 70% compared to asphalt shingles (Heat gain comparisons shown below). (See: <u>Thermal Advantages of Tile Roofs</u> // RCI Cool Tile - Final)





So, why don't all roofers offer tile roofs as a reroof option?

- Not familiar with the installation requirements
- Think tile is too heavy
- Would rather have a chance to reroof the same house after the next hailstorm

Why you should insist that they reconsider:

- Crown provides installation instructions and access to the Tile Roof Institute Tile Installer Training sessions.
- Crown provides practical and building code guidelines for determining the strength requirements for tile roofing. The fact is that almost all homes built to existing codes are capable of supporting a tile roof with little or sometimes no structural reinforcement.
- Concrete tiles actually get stronger with age and rarely require more than minor repairs, if any following the types of storms that can obliterate asphalt shingle roofs.

Criteria for mild climate regions where no snow load is considered:

ROOF RAFTERS esign Criteria: Strength - 20 lbs. per sq. ft. live load, plus 15 lbs. per sq. ft. deed load. Defection - United in span in inches divided by 180 for live load only.											20# LIVE LOAD ¹ 15# DEAD LOAD L/1 Table F							
		Span (feet and inches)																
		2 x 6				2 x 8				2 x 10			2 x 12					
Species		spacing on center																
or Group	Grade	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19,2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19,2"	24"	
Douglas Fir-	Sel, Struc,	18-0	16-4	15-5	14-3	23-9	21-7	20-1	18-0	30-4	26-11	24-7	22-0	36-1	31-3	28-6	25-6	
Larch	No.1 & Btr.	17-8	15-7	14-3	12-9	22-9	19-9	18-0	16-1	27-10	24-1	22-0	19-8	32-3	27-11	25-6	22-10	
	No.1	16-5	14-3	13-0	11-7	20-9	18-0	16-6	14-8	25-6	22-0	20-1	17-11	29-5	25-6	23-3	20-10	
	No.2	15-7	13-6	12-4	11-0	19-9	17-1	15-7	13-11	24-1	20-10	19-0	17-0	27-11	24-2	22-1	19-9	
	No.3	11-11	10-4	9-5	8-5	15-1	13-0	11-11	10-8	18-5	15-11	14-6	13-0	21-4	18-6	16-10	15-1	
Douglas Fir-	Set Struc.	16-3	14-9	13-11	12-11	21-5	19-6	18-4	17-0	27-5	24-10	23-4	20-10	33-4	29-7	27-0	24-2	
South	No.1	15-9	13-8	12-6	11-2	20-0	17-4	15-10	14-2	24-5	21-2	19-4	17-3	28-4	24-6	22-5	20-0	
	No.2	15-2	13-1	12-0	10-8	19-2	16-7	15-2	13-7	23-6	20-3	18-6	16-7	27-2	23-6	21-5	19-2	
	No.3	11-7	10-1	9-2	8-2	14-8	12-9	11-7	10-5	17-11	15-7	14-2	12-8	20-10	18-0	16-5	14-9	
Hem-Fir	Sell Struc.	17-0	15-6	14-7	13-6	22-5	20-5	19-2	17-5	28-7	26-0	23-9	21-3	34-10	30-2	27-6	24-8	
	No.1 & Btr.	16-8	14-11	13-7	12-2	21-10	18-10	17-3	15-5	26-7	23-1	21-1	18-10	30-10	26-9	24-5	21-10	
	No.1	16-2	14-0	12-10	11-5	20-6	17-9	16-3	14-6	25-1	21-8	19-10	17-9	29-1	25-2	23-0	20-7	
	No.2	15-2	13-1	12-0	10-8	19-2	16-7	15-2	13-7	23-5	20-3	18-6	16-7	27-2	23-6	21-5	19-2	
	No.3	11-7	10-1	9-2	8-2	14-8	12-9	11-7	10-6	17-11	15-7	14-2	12-8	20-10	18-0	16-5	14-9	
Spruce-	Sol. Struc.	15-11	14-5	13-7	12-7	20-11	19-0	17-11	16-7	26-9	24-3	22-10	20-6	32-6	29-1	26-6	23-9	
Pine-Fir	No.1	15-4	13-3	12-2	10-10	19-5	16-10	15-4	13-9	23-9	20-7	18-9	16-9	27-6	23-10	21-9	19-6	
(South)	No.2	14-5	12-6	11-5	10-3	18-4	15-10	14-6	12-11	22-4	19-4	17-8	15-10	25-11	22-5	20-6	18-4	
	No ₄ 3	11-0	9-6	8-8	7-9	13-11	12-1	11-0	9-10	17-0	14-9	13-6	12-0	19-9	17-1	15-7	14-0	
Western	Sel. Struc.	15-6	13-6	12-4	11-0	19-9	17-1	15-7	13-11	24-1	20-10	19-0	17-0	27-11	24-2	22-1	19-9	
Woods	No.1	13-6	11-8	10-8	9-6	17-1	14-9	13-6	12-1	20-10	18-1	16-6	14-9	24-2	20-11	19-1	17-1	
	No.2	13-6	11-8	10-8	9-6	17-1	14-9	13-6	12-1	20-10	18-1	16-6	14-9	24-2	20-11	19-1	17-1	
	No.3	10-1	8-8	7-11	7-1	12-9	11-0	10-1	9-0	15-7	13-6	12-3	11-0	18-0	15-7	14-3	12-9	

Span charts and rafter reinforcement guidelines have been used to convert thousands of homes from shake and shingles to standard concrete tile roofs.





The fact is, you <u>can</u> have a tile roof on your home if you know where to go to get the correct information. Crown Roof Tiles can provide you with not only the correct information but also the qualified people who can make your dream roof a reality. (See <u>Structural Analysis</u> // <u>Question of Weight</u>)